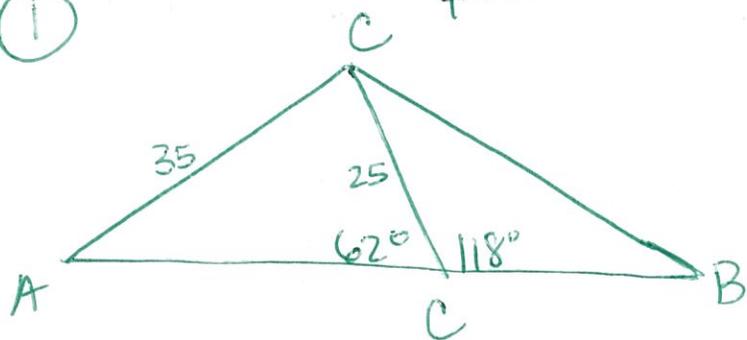


PRACTICE QUIZ ANSWERS

①



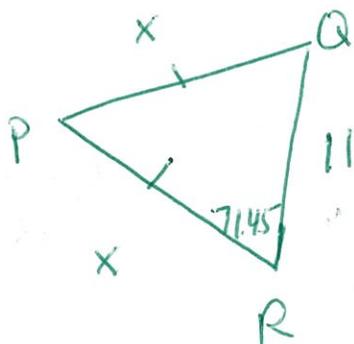
Find $\angle A$.

$$\frac{\sin 62}{35} = \frac{\sin A}{25}$$

$$\frac{25 \sin 62}{35} = \sin A$$

$$\boxed{A = 39.1^\circ}$$

②



Find the area.

$$x^2 = x^2 + 11^2 - 2(x)(11) \cos 71.45$$

$$x^2 = x^2 + 121 - 22x \cos 71.45$$

$$\underline{-121} = \underline{-22x \cos 71.45}$$

$$-22 \cos 71.45$$

$$-22 \cos 71.45$$

$$17.288 = x$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} 11(17.288) \sin 71.45$$

$$\boxed{A = 90.1 \text{ units}^2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ a. } \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \tan\left(\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)$$

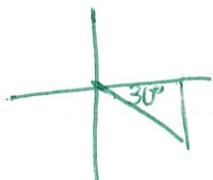
$$\boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \cos\left(-\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$30^\circ$$



$$\csc \theta < 0 \quad \text{Find } \cot \theta$$

$$\cot 30 = \frac{\cos 30}{\sin 30} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{1}{2}} = \boxed{-\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \sin(157.5) = \sin\left(\frac{315}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 315}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{2}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \cos(165) = \cos(135 + 30) = \cos 135 \cos 30 + \sin 135 \sin 30$$

$$= \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

⑦ Verify

$\neq 1$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta} = \cot^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{1 + \cot^2 \theta}{\sec^2 \theta} = \cot^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{\csc^2 \theta}{\sec^2 \theta} = \cot^2 \theta$$

$$\cot^2 \theta = \cot^2 \theta \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 + \cos^2}{\cos^2} = \frac{1}{\cos^2}$$

$$\boxed{\tan^2 + 1 = \sec^2}$$

$$\boxed{1 + \cot^2 = \csc^2}$$

⑧ $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x + 1} + \frac{\cos x - 1}{\sin x} = 0$

$$\left(\frac{\sin x}{\sin x} \right) \frac{\sin x}{\cos x + 1} + \frac{(\cos x - 1)(\cos x + 1)}{\sin x (\cos x + 1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{1 - 1}{(\sin x)(\cos x + 1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{0}{(\sin x)(\cos x + 1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{0}{(\sin x)(\cos x + 1)} = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

